



Enhancing Sequential Recommendation with Graph Contrastive Learning

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IJCAI 2022



Reported by Nengqiang Xiang

Introduction

- ◆ Ignoring the correlation between users with similar behavior.
- ◆ Using the item prediction task to train models, but the user behavior data is very sparse.
- ◆ Based on implicit feedback sequences, which may include noise information.
- ◆ Building a Weighted Item Transition Graph (WITG) to provide global context information.
- ◆ Neighborhood sampling on WITG is performed to build augmented graph views for each interaction sequence.
- ◆ Graph contrastive is employed to learn augmented representations for the user interaction sequence.

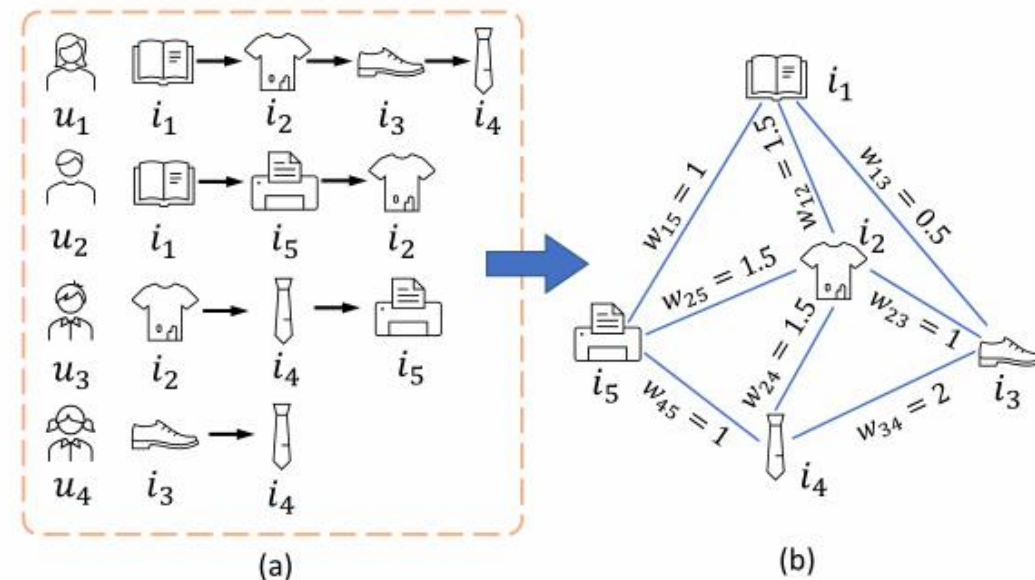


Figure 1: An example showing the transition graph construction procedure, where (a) shows the observed user behavior sequences, and (b) illuminates the weighted transition graph.

Method

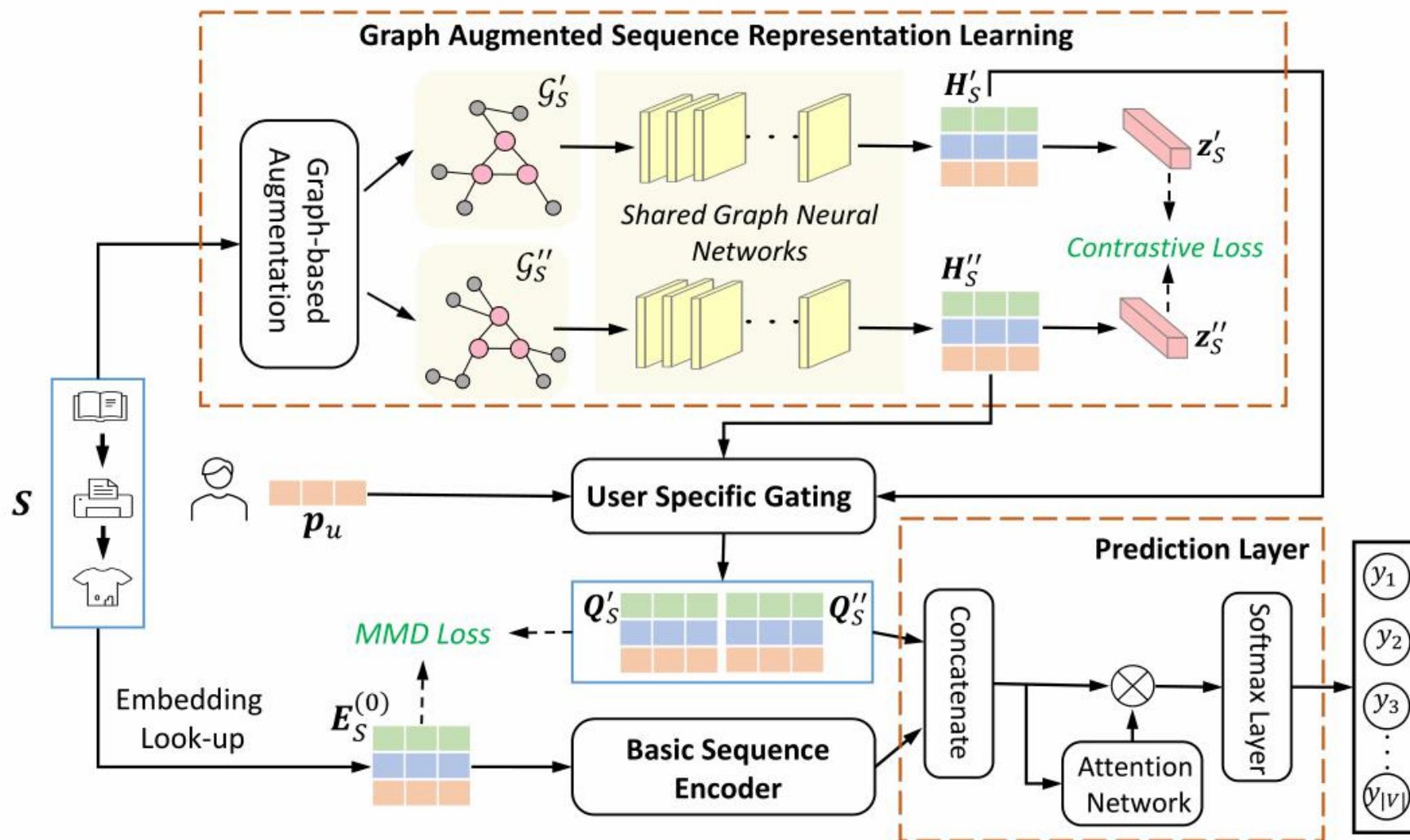
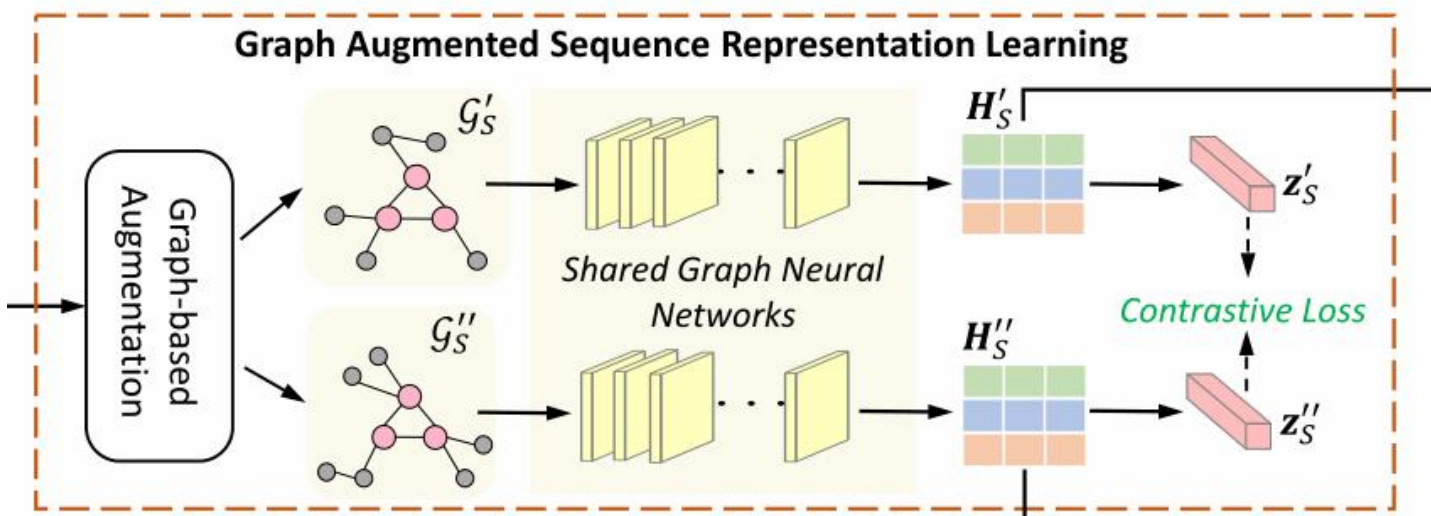


Figure 2: The framework of the proposed GCL4SR model.

Method



Graph-based Augmentation:

$$\hat{w}(v_t, v_j) = w(v_t, v_j) \left(\frac{1}{\deg(v_i)} + \frac{1}{\deg(v_j)} \right), \quad (1)$$

Shared Graph Neural Networks:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a}_{v_i}^{(t)} &= \text{Aggregate}^{(t)}(\{\mathbf{h}_{v_j}^{(t-1)} : v_j \in N'_{v_i}\}), \\ \mathbf{h}_{v_i}^{(t)} &= \text{Combine}^{(t)}(\mathbf{a}_{v_i}^{(t)}, \mathbf{h}_{v_i}^{(t-1)}), \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

Symbol Definition:

$\mathbf{p}_u \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times d}$: the user u 's embedding

$\mathbf{e}_i \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times d}$: the item i 's embedding

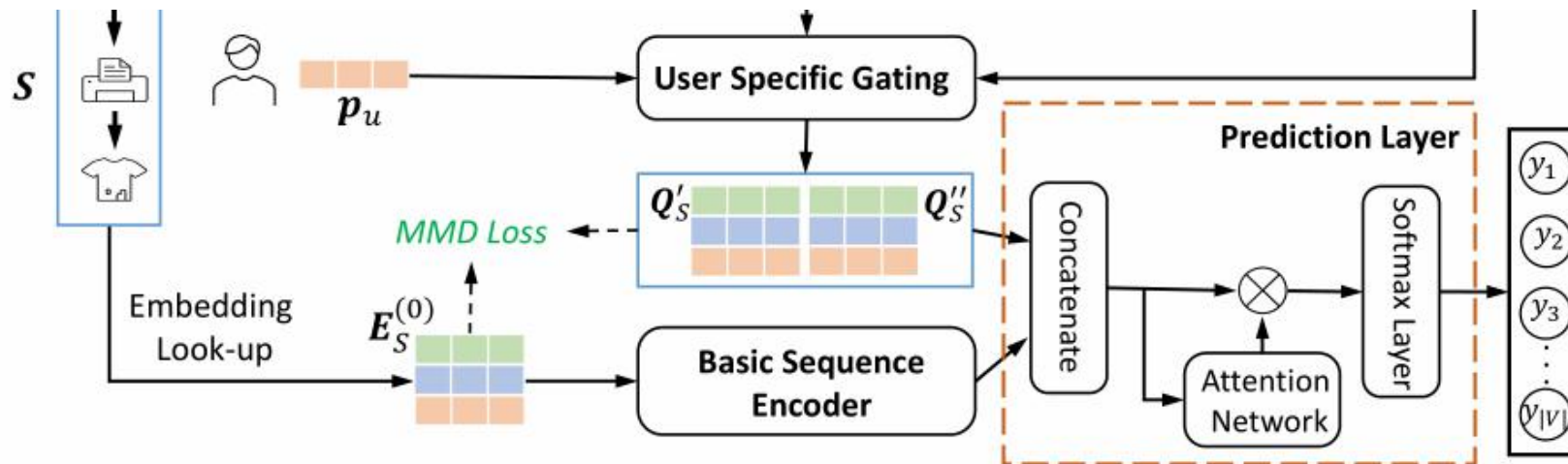
$\mathbf{E}_S^{(0)} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d}$: the initial embedding of the sequence S

$\mathbf{E} \in \mathbb{R}^{|V| \times d}$: the embeddings of all items

Graph Contrastive Learning Objective:

$$\mathcal{L}_{GCL}(S) = \sum_{S \in \mathcal{D}} -\log \frac{\exp(\cos(\mathbf{z}'_S, \mathbf{z}''_S)/\tau)}{\sum_{K \in \mathcal{D}} \exp(\cos(\mathbf{z}'_S, \mathbf{z}''_K)/\tau)}, \quad (3)$$

Method



User-specific Gating

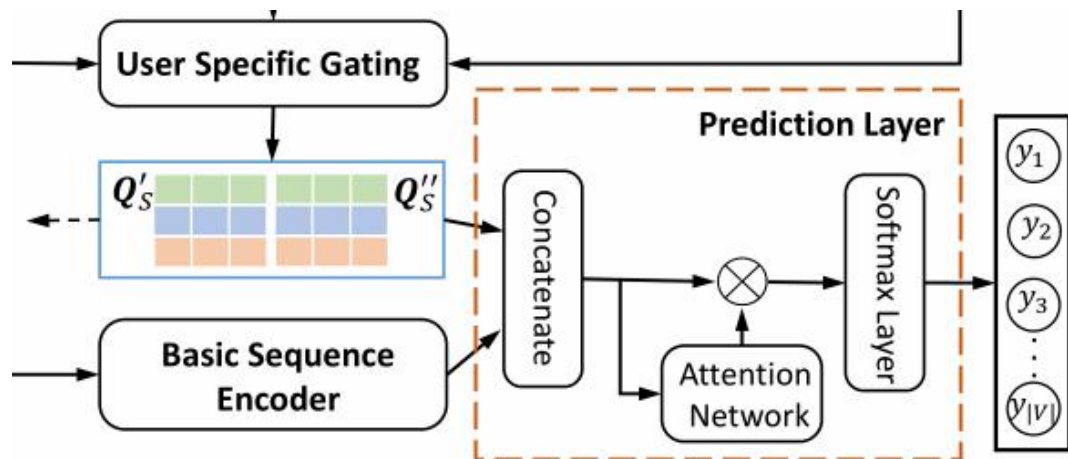
$$\mathbf{Q}'_S = \mathbf{H}'_S \otimes \sigma(\mathbf{H}'_S \mathbf{W}_{g1} + \mathbf{W}_{g2} \mathbf{P}_u^\top), \quad (4)$$

Representation Alignment Objective:

$$MMD(\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Y}) = \frac{1}{m^2} \sum_{a=1}^m \sum_{b=1}^m \mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x}_a, \mathbf{x}_b) + \frac{1}{\tilde{m}^2} \sum_{a=1}^{\tilde{m}} \sum_{b=1}^{\tilde{m}} \mathcal{K}(\mathbf{y}_a, \mathbf{y}_b) - \frac{2}{m\tilde{m}} \sum_{a=1}^m \sum_{b=1}^{\tilde{m}} \mathcal{K}(\mathbf{x}_a, \mathbf{y}_b), \quad (5)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{MM}(S) = MMD(\mathbf{E}_S^{(0)}, \mathbf{Q}'_S) + MMD(\mathbf{E}_S^{(0)}, \mathbf{Q}''_S). \quad (6)$$

Method



Prediction Layer

$$\mathbf{M} = \text{AttNet}(\text{Concat}(\mathbf{Q}'_S, \mathbf{Q}''_S, \mathbf{H}^\ell) \mathbf{W}_T), \quad (9)$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{y}}^{(S)} = \text{softmax}(\mathbf{M} \mathbf{E}^\top), \quad (10)$$

Multi Task Learning

Basic Sequence Encoder

$$\mathbf{H}^\ell = \text{FFN}(\text{Concat}(\text{head}_1, \dots, \text{head}_h) \mathbf{W}^h),$$

$$\text{head}_i = \text{Attention}(\mathbf{H}^{\ell-1} \mathbf{W}_i^Q, \mathbf{H}^{\ell-1} \mathbf{W}_i^K, \mathbf{H}^{\ell-1} \mathbf{W}_i^V), \quad (7)$$

$$\text{Attention}(\mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{K}, \mathbf{V}) = \text{softmax}\left(\frac{\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{K}^\top}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \mathbf{V}, \quad (8)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{main} = - \sum_{S_u \in \mathcal{D}} \sum_{k=1}^{|S_u|-1} \log \left(\hat{\mathbf{y}}^{(S_u^{1:k})}(v_u^{k+1}) \right), \quad (11)$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{main} + \sum_{S_u \in \mathcal{D}} \sum_{k=1}^{|S_u|-1} \lambda_1 \mathcal{L}_{GCL}(S_u^{1:k}) + \lambda_2 \mathcal{L}_{MM}(S_u^{1:k}), \quad (12)$$



Experiments

	Home	Phones	Comics	Poetry
# Users	66,519	27,879	13,810	3,522
# Items	28,237	10,429	16,630	2,624
# Interactions	551,682	194,439	343,587	40,703
# Nodes of \mathcal{G}	28,237	10,429	16,630	2,624
# Edges of \mathcal{G}	1,617,638	430,940	1,310,952	122,700

Table 1: The statistics of experimental datasets.

Experiments

Datasets	Metrics	LightGCN	FPMC	GRU4Rec	Caser	SASRec	HGN	SR-GNN	GC-SAN	GCE-GNN	CL4SRec	S ³ -Rec	GCL4SR
Home	HR@10	0.0160	0.0162	0.0210	0.0101	0.0228	0.0152	0.0201	<u>0.0281</u>	0.0259	0.0266	0.0280	0.0313
	HR@20	0.0250	0.0218	0.0330	0.0173	0.0316	0.0231	0.0292	0.0394	0.0359	0.0387	<u>0.0406</u>	0.0422
	N@10	0.0085	0.0097	0.0110	0.0051	0.0141	0.0083	0.0123	<u>0.0174</u>	0.0161	0.0160	0.0169	0.0190
	N@20	0.0108	0.0111	0.0140	0.0068	0.0163	0.0103	0.0146	<u>0.0197</u>	0.0186	0.0186	0.0196	0.0218
Phones	HR@10	0.0687	0.0634	0.0835	0.0435	0.0883	0.0680	0.0778	0.0881	0.0946	0.0929	<u>0.1037</u>	0.1171
	HR@20	0.1012	0.0854	0.1213	0.0647	0.1213	0.0990	0.1114	0.1232	0.1304	0.1305	<u>0.1428</u>	0.1666
	N@10	0.0370	0.0374	0.0459	0.0233	0.0511	0.0364	0.0427	0.0500	0.0543	0.0533	<u>0.0594</u>	0.0665
	N@20	0.0452	0.0430	0.0554	0.0287	0.0594	0.0442	0.0512	0.0588	0.0634	0.0627	<u>0.0693</u>	0.0790
Poetry	HR@10	0.1411	0.1275	0.1414	0.1068	0.1428	0.1034	0.1193	0.1309	0.1533	0.1496	<u>0.1613</u>	0.1638
	HR@20	0.2127	0.1851	0.2104	0.1567	0.2030	0.1545	0.1723	0.1936	0.2229	0.2164	<u>0.2277</u>	0.2428
	N@10	0.0771	0.0704	0.0783	0.0607	0.0829	0.0597	0.0686	0.0732	0.0859	0.0838	0.0915	<u>0.0914</u>
	N@20	0.0954	0.0849	0.0956	0.0732	0.0980	0.0725	0.0818	0.0891	0.1035	0.1004	<u>0.1108</u>	0.1112
Comics	HR@10	0.1106	0.1382	0.1593	0.1156	0.1709	0.1242	0.1481	0.1638	0.1722	0.1751	<u>0.1781</u>	0.1829
	HR@20	0.1672	0.1736	0.2058	0.1499	0.2100	0.1704	0.1857	0.2048	0.2232	0.2172	0.2258	<u>0.2249</u>
	N@10	0.0587	0.1019	0.1096	0.0790	<u>0.1276</u>	0.0743	0.1067	0.1189	0.1222	0.1235	0.1234	0.1312
	N@20	0.0730	0.1108	0.1213	0.0876	<u>0.1374</u>	0.0859	0.1161	0.1292	0.1325	0.1341	0.1354	0.1417

Table 2: The performance achieved by different methods. The best results are in **boldface**, and the second best results are underlined.

Experiments

Method	Poetry		Phones	
	HR@20	N@20	HR@20	N@20
GCL4SR	0.2428	0.1112	0.1666	0.0790
GCL4SR _{w/o G}	0.2433	0.1095	0.1607	0.0734
GCL4SR _{w/o GM}	0.2138	0.0958	0.1423	0.0713
GCL4SR _{w/o W}	0.2172	0.0979	0.1500	0.0694
SASRec	0.2030	0.0980	0.1213	0.0594

Table 3: The performance achieved by GCL4SR variants and SAS-Rec on Poetry and Phones datasets.

Experiments

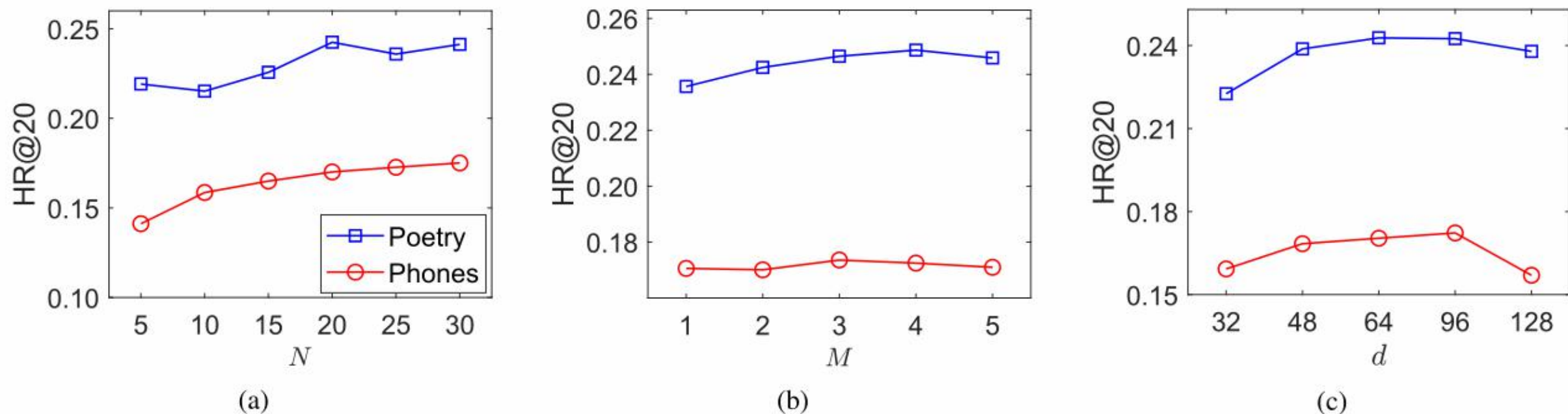


Figure 3: The performance trends of GCL4SR with respect to different settings of M , N , and d on Poetry and Phones datasets.

Experiments

Method	Poetry		Phones	
	HR@20	N@20	HR@20	N@20
HGN	0.1545	0.0725	0.0990	0.0442
GCL4SR-HGN	0.1712	0.0763	0.1064	0.0475
GRU4Rec	0.2104	0.0956	0.1213	0.0554
GCL4SR-GRU	0.2362	0.1057	0.1622	0.0763
SASRec	0.2030	0.0980	0.1213	0.0594
GCL4SR-SAS	0.2428	0.1112	0.1666	0.0790

Table 4: The performance of HGN, GRU4Rec, SASRec, and GCL4SR with different basic sequence encoders.



Thanks